SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1 - CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: AEROSOL #2105 LACQUER RFU Product Code: L2105AERO SUPPLIER: **Angel Gilding** 1945 Gardner Rd Broadview, IL 60155 Telephone: 708-383-3340

MANUFACTURER: G.J. Nikolas & Co., Inc. 2800 Washington Blvd. Bellwood, IL 60104 Emergency telephone: 800-424-9300 24 hours

SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

NEPA Ratings, risks phrases and suggested HMIS Hazards Categories:

GHS Ratings:

Flammable aerosol	2	Flammable aerosol class 2
Skin corrosive	2	Reversible adverse effects in dermal tissue, Draize score: \geq 2.3 < 4.0 or persistent inflammation
Eye corrosive	1	Serious eye damage: Irreversible damage 21 days after exposure, Draize score: Corneal opacity >= 3, Iritis > 1.5
Mutagen	1B	Known to produce heritable mutations in human germ cellsSubcategory 1B, Positive results: In vivo heritable germ cell tests in mammals, Human germ cell tests, In vivo somatic mutagenicity tests, combined with some evidence of germ cell mutagenicity
Carcinogen	2	Limited evidence of human or animal carcinogenicity
Reproductive toxin	1A	Based on human evidence
Aspiration hazard	1	Aspiration Toxicity Category 1: Known (regarded)- human evidence - hydrocarbons with kinematic viscosity 20.5 mm2/s at 40° C.

GHS Hazards

H221	Flammable gas
H261	In contact with water releases flammable gas
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H340	May cause genetic defects
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child

GHS Precautions

P201	Obtain special instructions before use
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces - No smoking
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other igntion source
P223	Keep away from any possible contact with water, because of violent reaction and possible flash fire

Keep container tightly closed
Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/light//equipment
Use only non-sparking tools
Take precautionary measures against static discharge
Pressurized container – Do not pierce or burn, even after use
Wash thoroughly after handling
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
Use personal protective equipment as required
Handle under inert gas. Protect from moisture
Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
Specific treatment (see on this label)
Do NOT induce vomiting
Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse
IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap and water
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do – continue rinsing
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention
If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention
Brush off loose particles from skin. Immerse in cool water/wrap in wet bandages
In case of fire: Use for extinction
Store locked up
Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container
Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool
Dispose of contents/container to

Signal Word: Danger



SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS					
Chemical Name	Weight Concentration %				
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	20.00% - 30.00%			
Toluene	108-88-3	10.00% - 20.00%			
n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4	10.00% - 20.00%			
Acetone	67-64-1	10.00% - 20.00%			
Ethyl 3-ethoxypropanoate	763-69-9	10.00% - 20.00%			
1-Butanol	71-36-3	1.00% - 5.00%			
Nitrocellulose	9004-70-0	1.00% - 5.00%			
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	1.00% - 5.00%			
2-(1-Methoxy) Proxy Acetate	108-65-6	1.00% - 5.00%			

64-17-5

100-41-4

Ethyl alcohol

Ethylbenzene

1.00% - 5.00%

0.10% - 1.00%

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

INHALATION: Remove to FRESH air. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouthto-mouth. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. Tilt head to avoid contaminating unaffected eye. Get immediate medical attention. Remove contact lenses if possible.

SKIN CONTACT: Flush skin with plenty of water while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Do not reuse clothing or shoes until cleaned. If irritation develops or persists, get medical attention. Discard contaminated leather articles such as shoes and belt. Do not apply oils or ointments unless ordered by the physician.

INGESTION: If fully conscious, give two glasses of water, then induce vomiting by touching back of throat with finger. Keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. CALL A PHYSICIAN immediately. Never induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious victim.

NOTE TO PHYSICIANS: There is no specific antidote. Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Individuals experiancing breathing difficulties after exposure to vapor generated in aerosol applications should be observed for at least 48 hours in case delayed respiratory complications develop.

SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point: -20 C (-4 F)

UEL:

LEL: 1.00

Flammable Limits: Highly flammable liquid and vapor (GHS Category 2)

Extinguishing Media: Alcohol Foam CO2 Dry Chemical Foam Water Fog

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, sparks, and open flame. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Do not use when smoking or where electrical sparks or open flame is present.

Haz. Combust. Products: Burning can produce carbon-dioxide and/or carbon monoxide.

Fire Fighting: Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

Fire Equipment: As in a fire, always wear self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand (MSA/NIOSH approved or equivalent), and full protective gear.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SPILL AND LEAK PROCEDURES:

Spill supervisor: Ensure cleanup personnel wear all appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), including respiratory protection. Remove all ignition sources. Keep nonesential personnel away from the contaminated area.

Small Spills: Absorb spilled liquid with sorbent pads, socks, or other inert material sus as vermiculite, sand, or earth.

Large Spills: Avoid run-off into storm sewers and ditches that lead to waterways. Use only non-sparking tools and equipment. A vapor suppressing foam may be used. Approach the spill from upwind and pick up absorbent material and place it in a suitable container. Disposal should be in accordance with Local, State, and Federal Regulations.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING PRECAUTIONS:

Wear all appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). Wear respiratory protection or ensure adequate ventilation at all times as vapors can accumulate in confined or poorly ventilated areas. Use the product in a manner which minimizes splashes and/or the creation of dust. Keep containers closed when not in use. Do not handle or store material near heat, sparks, open flames, or other sources of ignition. Store at room temperatures.i.e, 40 to 95 F (4 to 35 C).

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE: GROUNDING: when transferring, fill stem and container must be grounded and bonded. Store in a cool dry area with ventilation suitable for storing materials shown in section II. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Do not cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose empty containers to heat, flame, sparks or other sources of ignition; they may explode and cause injury or death.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION						
Chemical Name / CAS No.	OSHA Exposure Limits	ACGIH Exposure Limits	Other Exposure Limits			
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	400 ppm TWA; 1400 mg/m3 TWA	400 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 400 ppm TWA; 1400 mg/m3 TWA			
Toluene 108-88-3	200 ppm TWA	20 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 100 ppm TWA; 375 mg/m3 TWA 150 ppm STEL; 560 mg/m3 STEL			

n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	150 ppm TWA; 710 mg/m3 TWA	200 ppm STEL 150 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 150 ppm TWA; 710 mg/m3 TWA 200 ppm STEL; 950 mg/m3 STEL
Acetone 67-64-1	1000 ppm TWA; 2400 mg/m3 TWA	750 ppm STEL 500 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 250 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA
Ethyl 3-ethoxypropanoate 763-69-9	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established
1-Butanol 71-36-3	100 ppm TWA; 300 mg/m3 TWA	20 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 50 ppm Ceiling; 150 mg/m3 Ceiling
Nitrocellulose 9004-70-0	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established
Isopropyl alcohol 67-63-0	400 ppm TWA; 980 mg/m3 TWA	400 ppm STEL 200 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 400 ppm TWA; 980 mg/m3 TWA 500 ppm STEL; 1225 mg/m3 STEL
2-(1-Methoxy) Proxy Acetate 108-65-6	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established
Ethyl alcohol 64-17-5	1000 ppm TWA; 1900 mg/m3 TWA	1000 ppm STEL	NIOSH: 1000 ppm TWA; 1900 mg/m3 TWA
Ethylbenzene 100-41-4	100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m3 TWA	20 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m3 TWA 125 ppm STEL; 545 mg/m3 STEL

ENGINEERING: Ensure processing (curing) ovens are properly vented to prevent the introduction of processing fumes into the work place. Use explosion proof equipment and good manufacturing practice.

Sufficient ventilation, in volume and pattern, should be provided to keep air contamination below current applicable OSHA permissible exposure limit or ACGHI'S TLV limit.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS: Provide respiratory protection against fumes generated during burning. Avoid prolonged contact with skin and breathing of vapors.

PROTECTIVE GEAR:Niosh/Osha approved respirator types suitable for materials in section II recommended. Approved airline type respirators or hoods recommended in confined areas. Wear protective gloves/clothing/eye/face as required.

CONTAMINATED GEAR: Take off immediately any contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

This mixture typically exhibits the following properties under normal circumstances:

Flash point: -20°C, -4°F
Physical State Liquid
Decomposition temperature: Not Applicable
Boiling Point 56°C
VOC: Regulatory 6.96 lb/gl
Appearance Liquid dispersion
Vapor Pressure: Not Applicable

Evaporation Rate Slower than ether Autoignition temperature: Not Applicable Viscosity: Not Applicable VOC: Regulatory 834 gr/ltr VOC: Actual 692 gr/ltr Odor Solvent Odor Odor threshold: Not Applicable Vapor Density Heavier than air

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or ingredients.

Chemical stability: The product is stable.

STABLE

Conditions to avoid: Avoid all sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. do not allow vapor to accumulate in low confined areas.

Incompatible materials: Reactive or incompatable with the following materials: Oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition products: This mixture is likely to exhibit the following combustion products: Under normal cinditions of storage and use, hazardus decomposition products should not be produced.

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

SECTION 11- TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Mixture Toxicity

Oral Toxicity LD50: 2,280mg/kg

Inhalation Toxicity LC50: 53mg/L

Component Toxicity

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	141-78-6	Ethyl acetate Inhalation LC50: 1,500 ppm (Mouse)
	108-88-3	Toluene Oral LD50: 636 mg/kg (Rat) Inhalation LC50: 13 mg/L (Rat)
	123-86-4	n-Butyl acetate Inhalation LC50: 390 ppm (Rat)
	763-69-9	Ethyl 3-ethoxypropanoate Oral LD50: 3,200 mg/kg (Rat)
	71-36-3	1-Butanol Oral LD50: 790 mg/kg (Rat) Dermal LD50: 3,400 mg/kg (Rabbit)
	67-63-0	Isopropyl alcohol Oral LD50: 4,396 mg/kg (Rat)
	64-17-5	Ethyl alcohol Inhalation LC50: 125 mg/L (Rat)
	100-41-4	Ethylbenzene Oral LD50: 3,500 mg/kg (Rat) Inhalation LC50: 17 mg/L (Rat)

Toxicological Information: No data found

ROUTES OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Contact

Exposure to this material may affect the following organs:

Blood Eyes	Kidneys	Liver	Central Nervous System	Reproductive System
Skin	Respiratory	v System	-	
Effects of Overexposure				

Carcenogenicity: The following chemicals comprise 0.1% or more of this mixture and are listed and / or classified as carcenogens or potentioal carcenogens by NTP, IARC, OSHA.

CAS Number None

Description

<u>% Weight</u>

Carcinogen Rating N/A

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecological information: No data found.

Component Ecotoxicity	
Ethyl acetate	96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 220 - 250 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 484 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 352 - 500 mg/L [semi-static] 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 560 mg/L [Static]
Toluene	 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 15.22 - 19.05 mg/L [flow-through] (1 day old) ; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 12.6 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 5.89 - 7.81 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 14.1 - 17.16 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 5.8 mg/L [semi-static]; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 11.0 - 15.0 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Oryzias latipes: 54 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Poecilia reticulata: 28.2 mg/L [semi-static]; 96 Hr LC50 Poecilia reticulata: 50.87 - 70.34 mg/L [static] 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 5.46 - 9.83 mg/L [Static]; 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 11.5 mg/L 96 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: >433 mg/L; 72 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 12.5 mg/L [static]
n-Butyl acetate	96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 100 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 17 - 19 mg/L [flow-through] 72 Hr EC50 Desmodesmus subspicatus: 674.7 mg/L
Acetone	96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 4.74 - 6.33 mL/L; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 6210 - 8120 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 8300 mg/L 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 10294 - 17704 mg/L [Static]; 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 12600 - 12700 mg/L
Ethyl 3-ethoxypropanoate	96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 62 mg/L [static] 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 970 mg/L
1-Butanol	 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 1730 - 1910 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 1740 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 100000 - 500000 μg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 1910000 μg/L [static] 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 1983 mg/L; 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 1897 - 2072 mg/L [Static] 96 Hr EC50 Desmodesmus subspicatus: >500 mg/L; 72 Hr EC50 Desmodesmus subspicatus: >500 mg/L
Isopropyl alcohol	96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 9640 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 11130 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: >1400000 μg/L 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 13299 mg/L 96 Hr EC50 Desmodesmus subspicatus: >1000 mg/L; 72 Hr EC50 Desmodesmus subspicatus: >1000 mg/L
2-(1-Methoxy) Proxy Acetate	96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 161 mg/L [static] 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: >500 mg/L

Ethyl alcohol 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 12.0 - 16.0 mL/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: >100 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 13400 - 15100 mg/L [flow-through] 48 Hr LC50 Daphnia magna: 9268 - 14221 mg/L; 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 2 mg/L [Static] Ethylbenzene 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 11.0 - 18.0 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 4.2 mg/L [semi-static]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 7.55 - 11 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 32 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 9.1 - 15.6 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Poecilia reticulata: 9.6 mg/L [static] 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 1.8 - 2.4 mg/L 72 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 4.6 mg/L; 96 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: >438 mg/L; 72 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 2.6 - 11.3 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 1.7 - 7.6 mg/L [static]

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Material that cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be managed in an appropriate and approved waste facility. State and local disposal regulations may differ from federal disposal definitions found in 40 CFR 261.3. Dispose of container and unsued contents in accordance with federal, state and local requirements.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

This material is classified for transport as follows:

Agency	Proper Shipping Name	UN Number	Packing Group	Hazard Class
DOT	AEROSOL, LTD QUANTITY			
IATA	UN1950, AEROSOL, FLAMMABLE	1950		2.1
IMDG	UN1950, AEROSOL, FLAMMABLE	1950		2.1

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

Additional regulatory listings, where applicable.

State of California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): WARNING! This product contains the following chemicals which are listed by the State of California as carcinogenic or a reproductive toxin:

108-88-3 Toluene Carcinogen, Carcinogen 64-17-5 Ethyl alcohol Carcinogen, Carcinogen 100-41-4 Ethylbenzene Carcinogen

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title II of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and CFR Partr 40

108-88-3 Toluene 71-36-3 1-Butanol 67-63-0 Isopropyl alcohol 100-41-4 Ethylbenzene

Country

Regulation

All Components Listed

EU Risk Phrases R10: Flammable

Safety Phrase

S16: Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS)

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)



The information contained on this SDS has been checked and should be accurate. However, it is the responsability of the user to comply with all Federal, State, and Local laws and regulations.

Reviewer Revision

Date Prepared: 1/16/2017